



UNITED STATES

Socio-Economic Data

JEWISH POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES, 1953

AT the time of writing (August 1953), the Jewish population in the United States could be estimated at over 5,000,000. There had been some guesses in the past that the American Jewish population had passed the 5,000,000 mark; but this was the first time that the compilation of estimates, from the vast majority of communities with Jewish populations, presented a basis for this belief. This over-all estimate was based on the list of Jewish populations for more than 700 communities containing the bulk of American Jewry printed as the appendix to this article (*see below*), as well as a projection for communities not represented on that list, either because they failed to report or because they had fewer than 100 Jews. This list is the second revision of the compilation of estimates originally published in the *AMERICAN JEWISH YEAR BOOK*, 1949 (vol. 50) and subsequently modified for the *YEAR BOOK*, 1951 (vol. 52).

Procedure

To secure these estimates, the authors, following a procedure similar to that employed for volumes 50 and 52, sent inquiries to 214 of the member agencies of the Council of Jewish Federations and Welfare Funds (CJFWF), which together comprised more than 90 per cent of all American Jewry. The inquiries requested the following data: (a) the current (1953) estimate—if it differed from the figure previously reported; (b) the method used to make this estimate; and (c) information as to whether the community contemplated making a survey of its Jewish population in the near future. For communities that were not members of the CJFWF or did not return the questionnaire, the authors had recourse to the files of the National United Jewish Appeal (UJA).

The authors also made a special effort to obtain estimates for the Jewish populations of the large number of suburban communities located adjacent to New York City in Long Island, Westchester, and northern New Jersey, that had been largely missing from the previous listings. The respondents to this special questionnaire were asked to indicate: (a) their estimate for the number of Jewish families residing in their community; (b) whether

this number was larger or smaller than the number five years before; (c) the age bracket within which the average head of household in their community was included; and (d) the area from which the new residents had come.

Despite the difficulty of finding responsible individuals in these new communities capable of answering these queries, and the lack of central community organizations, many fresh estimates were obtained. These illuminated the importance of pursuing demographic work in the suburban areas, whither urban Jews, like the rest of the population, had been moving in increasing numbers since 1947.

New York City itself was the subject of a new Jewish population estimate, as were each of its five boroughs. Such an estimate was particularly needed, since the accuracy of any estimate for the total American Jewish population had, in a very large measure, to depend upon the figure derived from New York, the home of some 40 per cent of American Jewry.

Current Estimates

In evaluating the current estimates, it must be remembered that there simply was no other source in the United States capable at the time of writing of providing estimates that could be more accurate or up to date. In 1926 and 1936 the United States Bureau of the Census conducted decennial censuses of religious bodies. However, no such census had been taken in 1946, for lack of a Congressional appropriation.

Admittedly, though no better estimates were available, the failings of the present estimates were significant. They sprang from the lack at the time of their compilation of consistent methods or definitions and of commonly accepted goals in Jewish population research in the United States. Hence, it was difficult to compare different community population surveys, even when contemporaneous.

Methods of Computation

In addition, Jewish communities continued to employ notoriously untrustworthy methods in computing their population estimates. The largest number of respondents indicated that they relied on one form or other of a master list—fund-raising campaign rolls, synagogue memberships, local organization lists, and the like. These master lists suffered from their omission of the unattached Jew.

Again, the master lists frequently consisted of Jewish families, not individuals. To estimate the number of Jewish individuals, it was necessary to multiply the master list number by a figure representing the average family size—and many of the respondents indicated that they considered that size to be between 3.5 and 4.0. Yet Jewish community surveys had shown that the average Jewish family was smaller than the national census figure of 3.5 for the average American family; the authors, in making their computations for the suburban estimates, employed the figure of 3.1.

Several of the communities reported that they had computed their estimates by projecting past estimates into the present—admitting at the same time that they did not know how the earlier estimates had been arrived at. Obviously, such estimates were extremely fallible. The larger communities tended to resort to the Yom Kippur and death record methods for estimating their Jewish populations. In the Yom Kippur method, (utilized for the New York estimate described below) the number of Jewish school children was estimated by referring to the number of children absent from school on Yom Kippur, and assuming them to be Jewish. The total Jewish population was then computed by using the known ratio between all children in the school age bracket and the general population, and assuming the same ratio to exist between the Jewish school age population and the Jewish population. The death records technique established the number of Jewish deaths in the community by referring to Jewish cemetery and undertakers' records, or by searching Health Department records for "typical" Jewish names. The number of Jews was then estimated on the basis of the general ratio between deaths and population.

Both the Yom Kippur and the death record methods suffered from the assumption that the characteristics of the Jewish and non-Jewish populations were similar—which was precisely the question under study. It had not been established that such characteristics as the proportion of young people, or the number of aged persons, or the average size of family, were the same for the Jewish population as for the general population. Thus far, demographic studies seemed to indicate that these characteristics differed for the Jewish and the general population. Even in the largest cities, where it was believed that they were most similar, there was not sufficient evidence that this was so.

Community Surveys

Of the 167 communities which responded to the question, "Do you contemplate making a survey of Jewish population in the near future?" forty answered yes; of those that said no, five had conducted a survey during the previous two or three years. As of August 1953, Los Angeles had completed a population study, while Pittsburgh and Jacksonville reported surveys in process, and New Orleans expected to finish its survey in the fall of 1953.

Table 1 describes the communities' intentions with regard to community surveys in terms of the range of their populations.

It is interesting to note that communities with smaller Jewish populations tended to be disinterested in population surveys. While there were fewer technical problems involved in making a reliable survey in the smaller communities, there was also a smaller incentive, since it was comparatively easy to secure a fairly accurate figure on the basis of current lists and information. However, the importance of the intentions of the cities with the largest Jewish populations (over 40,000) may be gauged from the fact that these thirteen cities together comprised more than three-quarters of the estimated American Jewish population.

TABLE 1

COMMUNITY SURVEYS PLANNED, 1953

<i>Pop. Range</i>	<i>"Yes"</i>	<i>"No"</i>
Over 40,000	4 ^a	8
15,000—39,999	3	9
5,000—14,999	6	30 ^b
1,000— 4,999	19 ^c	48 ^d
Under 1,000	8 ^e	32
TOTAL	40	127

^a Includes Los Angeles, Cal., which had just completed a survey, and Pittsburgh, Pa., whose survey was in process.

^b One survey recently made in Louisville, Ky.

^c One survey currently in process in Jacksonville, Fla.

^d Four surveys recently made in Fall River, Mass., Ft. Wayne, Ind., Lancaster, Pa., Tulsa, Okla.

^e A survey recently made in Hudson, N. Y.

Changes in Estimates

Sixty of the 167 replies indicated that their 1953 estimate was higher than the one made in 1950 or earlier. Only 19 respondents listed a lower estimate, while the largest number, 88, reported no change. It seemed reasonable to surmise, however, from what was known of general population trends in the United States, that the increase in the Jewish population had been more widespread than these figures indicated. Most of the "no change" replies reflected not so much a stable community as a lack of information on which to base an answer to this question. Many of the communities that reported no change would most likely have shown an increase if an actual population study had been conducted.

The lack of any comparable studies for the communities reporting a lower estimate in 1953 than in previous years made it difficult to determine the cause for this lower estimate: whether it was due to Jews actually leaving the community, or whether it reflected the deflation of previously inflated estimates.

The number of communities reporting estimates higher than their earlier ones was not limited to any one population bracket. The table below shows the changes in estimates for the 167 communities responding, according to their population groupings.

TABLE 2

CHANGES IN ESTIMATES, 1953

<i>Pop. Range</i>	<i>Higher Est.</i>	<i>No Change</i>	<i>Lower Est.</i>
Over 40,000	5	6	1
15,000—39,999	2	8	2
5,000—14,999	14	19	3
1,000— 4,999	23	35	9
Under 1,000	16	20	4
TOTAL	60	88	19

Suburban Estimates

The communities marked with an asterisk in the appendix are those suburban areas in Metropolitan New York which were made the subject of a special inquiry for the first time. The general picture revealed by the respondents to this questionnaire was one of consistent growth. Thirty-three of the thirty-four communities replying believed that their Jewish population had increased over the previous five years. Thirty-one of the thirty-three reported that this increase was a result of the movement from New York City proper. Twenty-nine of the thirty-four respondents stated that the average age of the head of household in their community was between thirty-five and fifty; five placed the average age at from twenty to thirty-five.

New York City Estimate

The very size of New York's Jewish community made estimating its population a most difficult undertaking. The "anonymity of big city living," about which so much had been written, extended to the Jewish community as well; in no other city were there so many Jews who were not reached by the central campaign organizations or who were not involved in the many other Jewish organizations. The task of compiling an unduplicated community master file in New York City would be so arduous and expensive as to be prohibitive, and it is to be doubted that it would be of great value for the purpose of estimating population if it were to be compiled.

For these reasons, the current estimate, published in the appendix, was secured through use of the Yom Kippur method. The authors obtained the number of Jewish students in both public and Jewish all-day schools from an unpublished study by the Jewish Education Committee of New York City. On the basis of the Yom Kippur method described above, the authors then arrived at a total Jewish population for New York City of 2,294,00, compared with the previous (1950) estimate of 2,100,000. It was most unlikely that the Jewish population of New York City had actually increased by 10 per cent since 1950. Certainly, the answers to the suburban questionnaires testified to a Jewish migration away from the city proper; this movement had not presumably been exceeded by the natural increase in the Jewish population and by the influx of refugees who settled in New York City. It was the authors' opinion that the new estimate came closer than the old in approximating New York's Jewish population; and that most of the difference in the two estimates was due to the more up-to-date estimate of the number of Jewish children of school age.

ALVIN CHENKIN
BEN B. SELIGMAN

TABLE 1

COMMUNITIES WITH JEWISH POPULATIONS OF 100 OR MORE (ESTIMATED)

State and City	Jewish Population ^a	State and City	Jewish Population ^a	State and City	Jewish Population ^a
ALABAMA		Pasadena.....	1,800	New Canaan.....	110
Anniston.....	122	Petaluma.....	600	New Haven.....	20,000
Bessemer.....	122	Redondo Beach... 132 ^b	600 ^b	New London.....	3,000
Birmingham.....	4,350	Richmond ^c	132 ^b	Norwalk.....	3,000
Dothan.....	140	Riverside.....	224	Norwich.....	2,000
Gadsden.....	196	Sacramento.....	3,500	Putnam.....	120
Huntsville.....	112	Salinas.....	300	Rockville.....	315
Jasper.....	120	San Bernardino... 900		Stamford.....	5,500
Mobile.....	1,750	San Diego.....	6,000	Torrington.....	360
Montgomery.....	1,200	San Francisco... 51,000		Wallingford.....	300
Selma.....	210	San Jose.....	1,750	Waterbury.....	4,000
Tri-Cities.....	132 ^a	San Leandro.....	1,500 ^a	Westport.....	260
Tuscaloosa.....	190	San Pedro.....	600	Willimantic.....	425
		Santa Ana ^d	400	Winsted.....	122
		Santa Barbara... 400			
ARIZONA		Santa Cruz.....	106	DELAWARE	
Phoenix.....	4,300	Santa Monica... 5,000 ^a		Wilmington.....	6,500
Tucson.....	5,000	Santa Rosa ^b	160		
ARKANSAS		Stockton.....	1,300	DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	
Blytheville.....	100	Sunnyvale ^e	100 ^a	Washington.....	35,000
Ft. Smith.....	250	Tulare.....	146		
Helena.....	150	Vallejo.....	400	FLORIDA	
Hot Springs.....	300	Ventura County ^f .. 550		Daytona Beach... 1,000	
Little Rock.....	1,143			Ft. Lauderdale... 560	
Pine Bluff.....	275	COLORADO		Gainesville..... 148	
Wyane.....	152 ^g	Colorado Springs.. 400		Hollywood..... 2,000	
		Denver.....	16,000	Jacksonville..... 3,450 ^a	
CALIFORNIA		Pueblo.....	500	Key West.....	150
Alameda, Contra Costa County ^b .. 15,000				Lakeland.....	300
Alhambra.....	660 ^h	CONNECTICUT		Miami.....	55,000
Bakersfield.....	600	Ansonia.....	700	Orlando.....	1,000
Belvedere.....	660 ^a	Bridgeport.....	12,000	Pensacola.....	800
Berkeley.....	1,800 ^g	Bristol.....	250	Sarasota.....	250
El Monte.....	330 ^h	Colchester.....	540	St. Augustine... 135	
Elsinore.....	450	Danbury.....	1,000	St. Petersburg... 2,000	
Fontana.....	140	Derby-Shelton... 340		Tallahassee..... 140	
Fresno.....	1,333	Greenwich.....	875	Tampa.....	2,200
Long Beach.....	6,000	Hartford.....	26,000	West Palm Beach.. 2,000	
Los Angeles.....	325,000	Lebanon.....	140		
Martinez ^g	250 ^a	Manchester.....	480	GEORGIA	
Modesto.....	267	Meriden.....	1,200	Albany.....	330
Oakland ^d	10,000	Middletown..... 1,000		Atlanta.....	11,000
Ontario ^e	600	Milford.....	800	Augusta.....	800
Palm Springs.....	500	Moodus.....	262	Brunswick.....	108
		New Britain.....	2,800	Columbus.....	600

* Places in New York and New Jersey marked with an asterisk were respondents in the special survey of Metropolitan New York population estimates.

^a Estimates are for 1953, except as indicated by following numbered footnotes:

1.....1950	4.....1946	8.....1941
2.....1948	5.....1945	9.....1940
3.....1947	6.....1944	10.....1938
	7.....1942	

^b Includes Oakland and Piedmont, Berkeley, Albany, Elcirtito, Emeryville, Richmond, and Rodeo, San Leandro and Hayward, Martinez, Concord and Pittsburgh.

^c Includes Concord and Pittsburgh.

^d Includes Piedmont.

^e Includes Pomona.

^f Includes Rodeo.

^g Includes Santa Ana, Anaheim, Orange, Fullerton, Laguna Beach, Huntington Beach.

^h Includes Healdsburg.

ⁱ Includes Mountain View.

^j Includes Ventura City, Santa

Paula, Oxnard, Camarillo, Fillmore, Port Huencema, Ojai.

^k Includes Urbana.

^l Includes suburbs.

^m South of Carlisle.

ⁿ Includes Venice, Granite City, Madison.

^o Includes Fairview.

^p Includes Smithtown, Brightwaters, Islip, East Islip, Islip Terrace, Central Islip, and West Islip.

^q Includes Tuckahoe, and unincorporated Eastchester.

^r Cedarhurst figure is for Five Towns: Hewlett, Woodmere, Cedarhurst, Lawrence, and Inwood.

^s Includes East Meadow.

^t Includes Northport, East Northport, Greenburn, Syoset, and surrounding villages.

^u Includes Sayville, Belleport, Bayport, and surrounding villages.

^v Includes Lake Mohegan and Montrose.

^w Includes Oceanside.

^x Includes Manhasset and Sea Cliff.

^y Includes North Tarrytown, Irvington, and Elmsford.

^z Includes Hartsdale and Elmsford.

^{aa} Excludes Oklahoma City zone.

† This community is presumed to have more than 100 Jews. No estimate was received in time for inclusion in this listing

TABLE 1 (Continued)

COMMUNITIES WITH JEWISH POPULATIONS OF 100 OR MORE (ESTIMATED)

State and City	Jewish Population ^a	State and City	Jewish Population ^a	State and City	Jewish Population ^a
GEORGIA (Cont'd)					
Dalton	102	Sioux City	2,319	Medway	150
Macon	800	Waterloo	450	Milford	300
Savannah	3,150	KANSAS			
Valdosta	240	Leavenworth	100	Millis	150
IDAHO					
Boise	120	Topeka	143	New Bedford	4,000 ¹
ILLINOIS					
Alton	148 ⁴	Wichita	1,000	Newburyport	320 ¹
Aurora	432	KENTUCKY			
Belleville	165 ⁴	Ashland	175	North Adams	560 ¹
Benton	150 ⁴	Lexington	1,000	Northampton	300 ¹
Bloomington	150	Harlan Zone	210	Peabody	1,200 ¹
Champaign ^a	410	Henderson	140	Pittsfield	1,600 ¹
Chicago ¹	325,000	Hopkinsville	122	Plymouth	220
Chicago Heights	400	Louisville	7,900	Salem	1,200 ¹
Danville	258	Owensboro	125	Southbridge	204
Decatur	350	Paducah	150	Springfield	10,000
East St. Louis (in-		LOUISIANA			
cluded in So. Illinois)		Alexandria	425	Taunton	600 ¹
Elgin	480	Baton Rouge	750	Ware	157
Galesburg	193	Lafayette	194 ¹	Webster	140
Harvey	155	Lake Charles	100 ¹	Worcester	10,500
Joliet	555	Monroe	900	MICHIGAN	
Kankakee	270	Morgan City	115 ¹	Ann Arbor	240
Mattoon	125	New Orleans	9,200	Battle Creek	160 ¹
Park Forest	750	Shreveport	2,300	Bay City	800
Peoria	2,000	MAINE			
Quincy	170	Aroostock City	120	Benton Harbor	830 ¹
Rockford	800	Augusta	100	Detroit	72,000
Rock Island	2,000	Bangor	1,200	Flint	3,000
Southern Illinois ^{2b}	3,000	Bath	100	Grand Rapids	1,400 ¹
Springfield	1,250	Biddleford-Saco	232	Iron City	161
Tri-Cities ^a	132 ⁴	Calais	100	Iron Mountain	104
Waukegan	620	Lewiston	1,400	Jackson	200 ¹
INDIANA					
Anderson	100	Pittsfield	120	Kalamazoo	640
East Chicago—		Portland	3,500	Lansing	700
Indiana Harbor	1,000	Rockland	120	Marquette City	175
Elkhart	140	Waterville	110	Mt. Clemens	300 ¹
Evansville	1,450	MARYLAND			
Ft. Wayne	1,200	Annapolis	1,000	Muskegon	400 ¹
Gary	3,000	Baltimore	78,000	Pontiac	700
Hammond	1,200	Cumberland	510	Port Huron	130 ¹
Indianapolis	8,000	Frederick	150 ¹	Saginaw	600
Kokomo	115	Hagerstown	306 ¹	South Haven	450 ¹
Lafayette	425	Havre de Grace	100 ¹	MINNESOTA	
Marion	156	Salisbury	167 ¹	Austin	115
Michigan City	320	MASSACHUSETTS			
Muncie	340	Athol	240	Duluth	3,100
Richmond	108	Attleboro	140	Hibbing	230 ¹
Shelbyville	150	Ayer	125	Mankato	154 ¹
South Bend	2,500	Beverly	700 ¹	Minneapolis	21,000
Terre Haute	875	Boston	140,000	Rochester	220
Vincennes	114	Brockton	2,500	St. Paul	11,000
Whiting	225	Clinton	120 ¹	Virginia	180 ¹
IOWA					
Cedar Rapids	400	Fall River	4,500	MISSISSIPPI	
Council Bluffs	450	Frammingham	600 ¹	Biloxi-Gulfport	100
Davenport	850	Gardner	140	Clarksdale	380
Des Moines	3,500	Gloucester	280 ¹	Cleveland	250
Dubuque	308	Great Barrington	132 ¹	Greenville	395
Fort Dodge	116	Greenfield	250	Greenwood	170
Iowa City	150	Haverhill	2,500 ¹	Hattiesburg	232
Marshalltown	222	Holyoke	1,600	Jackson	350
Mason City	260	Hyannis	250 ¹	Meridian	250
Muscataine	100	Lawrence	2,500	Natchez	153 ¹
Ottumwa	270	Leominster		Vicksburg	280
		Fitchburg	300	MISSOURI	
		Lowell	2,000	Hannibal	100
		Lynn	10,500	Hayti	200
				Joplin	200
				Kansas City	20,000
				Springfield	250
				St. Joseph	1,020
				St. Louis	48,000
				MONTANA	
				Billings	100
				Butte	206

TABLE 1 (Continued)

COMMUNITIES WITH JEWISH POPULATIONS OF 100 OR MORE (ESTIMATED)

State and City	Jewish Population*	State and City	Jewish Population*	State and City	Jewish Population*
NEBRASKA					
Lincoln	950	Lodi		NEW YORK	
Omaha	6,500	Long Branch	2,000	Ardasley	‡
NEVADA					
Las Vegas	400	Lyndhurst	300	Amityville	‡
Reno	320	Madison	100	Albany	9,000
NEW HAMPSHIRE					
Claremont	200	Maplewood	2,240 ²	Amsterdam	500
Concord	160	Maywood	100	Auburn	250
Dover	150	Metuchen	840	*Baldwin	1,085
Keene	103	Millburn	579 ²	Batavia	300
Laconia	120	Millville	200	Babylon	‡
Manchester	1,730	Montclair	890 ²	*Bay Shore ²	1,860
Nashua	418	Morristown	1,000	Beacon	550
Portsmouth	480	Mt. Freedom	160	Binghamton	3,000
NEW JERSEY					
Alliance	400	Mt. Holly	204	*Bronxville ²	4,030
Arlington	372 ²	New Milford	‡	Buffalo	22,000
Asbury Park	3,000	Newark	56,800	Canandaigua	228
Atlantic City	9,000	New Brunswick	6,500	Catskill	151
Bayonne	10,000	Newton	175	*Cedarhurst ²	18,600
Belleville	676 ²	New Arlington	1,980 ¹⁰	Cohoes	105
Belmar	800	North Bergen		Corning	100
*Bergenfield	530	Nutley	501 ²	Cortland	200
Bloomfield	1,681 ²	Orange	1,403 ²	*Central Islip (see Bay Shore)	
Boonton	270	East Orange	4,585 ²	Croton on Hudson	‡
Bound Brook	350	South Orange	2,298 ²	Dunkirk	168
Bradley Beach	1,000	West Orange	1,295 ²	*East Islip (see Bay Shore)	
Bridgton	600	*Palisade Park	600	*East Meadow (see Hempstead)	
Burlington	250	Park Ridge	126	East Northport (see Huntington)	
Caldwell	730 ²	Paramus	‡	East Rockaway	
Camden	9,000	Passaic	12,000	Ellenville	800
Carmel	157	Paterson	20,000	Elmira	1,450
Carteret	600	Paulsboro	135	Elmont	6,200
Clayton	140	Perth Amboy	4,650	Fallsburgh	‡
Clifton	‡	Plainfield	4,100	Farmingdale	‡
*Cliffside Park ²	200	Pt. Pleasant	100	*Floral Park	1,085
Cranford	200	Pompton Lakes	450	*Freeport	2,170
Closter-Creskill-Demerest	‡	Princeton	300	*Five Towns (see Cedarhurst)	
Dover	700	Rahway	960	Garden City	‡
Duncellen	126	Red Bank	1,200	Geneva	120
Dumont	400	Ridgefield	500	*Glen Cove	1,240
Elizabeth	10,500	Ridgefield Park	360	Glens Falls	700
*Englewood	3,100	Ridgewood	350	Gloversville	1,400
Englishtown	260	Riverside	170	*Great Neck	10,850
East Paterson	‡	River Edge	‡	Harrison	1,500
Fair Lawn	3,150	Roselle	1,200	Haverstraw	480
Fairview (see Cliffside Park)		Rutherford	1,000	*Hempsteads	4,650
Farmingdale	800	Salem	220	Herkimer	145
Flemington	340	Somerville	634	*Hewlett (see Cedarhurst)	
Fort Lee	150 ¹	South Amboy	145 ¹	Hornell	120
Freehold	500	South River	400	Highland Falls	100
Garfield	‡	Stelton	180	Hudson	700
Guttenberg	‡	Summit	600	*Huntington ²	1,550
*Hackensack	1,600	Teaneck	4,000	Inwood (see Cedarhurst)	
Hasbrouck Heights	440	Toms River	1,000	Ithaca	400
Heightstown	1,100	Trenton	8,800	Irvington ‡ Tarrytown	
Hillside	4,087 ²	Union	1,500	Islip (see Bay Shore)	
Hoboken	1,300	Union City	‡	Jamestown	260
Irvington	7,388 ¹⁰	Vineland	2,000	Jeffersonville	150
Jersey City	20,000	West New York	‡	Johnson City	‡
Kearney	302 ²	Weehawken	‡	Kerhonkson	175
Keyport	400	Westfield	384	Kingston	2,400
Lakewood	2,800	Westwood	400	Lake Huntington	175
Leonia	450	Wildwood	360	*Larchmont	2,170
Linden	2,600	Woodbine	350		
		Woodbridge	1,000		
		Woodbury	540		
		NEW MEXICO			
		Albuquerque	850		
		Los Alamos	120		
		Santa Fe	125		

TABLE 1 (Continued)

COMMUNITIES WITH JEWISH POPULATIONS OF 100 OR MORE (ESTIMATED)

State and City	Jewish Population*	State and City	Jewish Population*	State and City	Jewish Population*
NEW YORK (Cont'd)					
Liberty.....	600	Syracuse.....	11,000	Youngstown.....	5,500
Lindenhurst.....	†	*Tarrytown.....	850	Zanesville.....	300
Little Falls.....	105	Troy.....	2,300	OKLAHOMA	
Livingston Manor.....	150	*Tuckahoe (see Bronxville)		Ardmore.....	120
Lockport.....	100 ¹	Utica.....	3,500	McAlester.....	132
Loch Sheldrake.....		*Valley Stream.....	6,200	Muskogee.....	151 ¹
Hurleyville.....	500	Walden.....	140	Oklahoma City*.....	1,750
*Long Beach.....	15,500	Watertown.....	460	Seminole.....	124
*Lawrence (see Cedarhurst)		*White Plains.....	500	Tulsa.....	1,977
*Lynbrook.....	6,200	White Lake.....	354	OREGON	
Malone.....	122	White Sulphur Springs.....	100	Eugene.....	120
Malverne.....	†	Woodbourne.....	200	Portland.....	6,600
Mamaroneck.....	†	Woodbridge.....	400	Salem.....	210
Merrick.....	†	Yonkers.....	6,750 ⁷	PENNSYLVANIA	
Massena.....	140	Woodmere (see Cedarhurst)		Aliquippa.....	400
Middletown.....	1,800	NORTH CAROLINA			
Mineola.....	†	Asheville.....	600	Allentown.....	3,150
Monroe.....	350	Charlotte.....	776	Altoona.....	1,100
Monticello.....	1,200	Durham.....	360	Ambridge.....	300
Mountaindale.....	280	Fayetteville.....	228	Beaver Valley.....	830
*Mt. Kisco.....	465	Gastonia.....	130	Berwick.....	119
*Mt. Vernon.....	13,950	Goldsboro.....	135	Bethlehem.....	1,000
Newburgh.....	2,500	Greensboro.....	525	Bloomsburg.....	102
*New Hyde Park.....	3,100	Hendersonville.....	110	Bradnock.....	600
*New Rochelle.....	6,200	High Point.....	208	Bradford.....	416
New York.....	2,294,000	Raleigh.....	350	Bristol.....	176
Manhattan.....	346,000	Wilmington.....	300	Brownsville.....	260
Bronx.....	556,000	Winston-Salem.....	406	Butler.....	600
Brooklyn.....	1,077,000	NORTH DAKOTA			
Queens.....	307,000	Bismarck.....	168	Canonsburg.....	240
Richmond.....	8,000	Fargo.....	414	Carbon City.....	300
Niagara Falls.....	1,100	Grand Forks.....	240	Carbondale.....	335
Norwich.....	120	Minot.....	110	Carnegie.....	268
*Northport (see Huntington)		OHIO			
*North Tarrytown (see Tarrytown)		Akron.....	6,500	Chambersburg.....	210
Nyack.....	276	Alliance.....	122	Charleroi.....	188
Olean.....	338	Ashtabula.....	315	Chester.....	2,100
Oncida.....	106	Bellaire.....	200	Clairton.....	120
Oneonta.....	120	Canton.....	3,000	Coatesville.....	510
Ogdensburg.....	135	Cincinnati.....	25,000	Connellsville.....	160
Oyster Bay.....	†	Cleveland.....	85,000	Corapolis.....	152
Oswego.....	120	Columbus.....	7,200	Donora.....	160
*Patchogue.....	1,550	Dayton.....	5,500	DuBois.....	150
*Peekskill.....	1,240	East Liverpool.....	365	Duquesne.....	200
Parksville.....	140	Elyria.....	360	Easton.....	1,600
Pawling.....	110	Fremont.....	114	East Pittsburg.....	660*
Plattsburg.....	330	Hamilton.....	500	Elwood City.....	140
Pleasantville (see Mt. Kisco)		Lima.....	418	Eric.....	1,750
Port Chester.....	2,300	Lorain.....	728	Farrell.....	500
Port Jervis.....	400	Mansfield.....	308	Glassport.....	120
Poughkeepsie.....	2,800	Marion.....	165	Greensburg.....	4,500
Rensselaer.....	100*	Massillon.....	130	Hanover.....	120
Rochester.....	20,000	Middletown.....	310	Harrisburg.....	4,500
Rockville Centre.....	10,000	New Philadelphia.....	180	Hazleton.....	1,600
Rome.....	250	Piqua.....	170	Homestead.....	600
Roslyn.....	5,580	Portsmouth.....	120	Honesdale-Hawly.....	100 ¹
*Rye.....	620	Sandusky.....	100	Indiana.....	130
Saranac Lake.....	100	Springfield.....	488	Irwin.....	100
Saratoga Springs.....	500	Stuebenville.....	1,000	Jeanette.....	200
Scarsdale.....	1,500	Toledo.....	6,500	Johnstown.....	1,300
Sharon Springs.....	165	Warren.....	800	Kennett Square.....	114 ¹
Schenectady.....	3,220	Wooster.....	128	Kittanning- Ford City.....	200
South Fallsburg.....	1,100			Lancaster.....	2,000
Spring Valley.....	2,100			Lansdale.....	200 ¹
Suffern.....	544			Latrobe.....	130
				Lebanon.....	656
				Levittown.....	1,000
				Lewistown.....	250
				Lock Haven.....	350
				Mahanoy City.....	112
				McKeesport.....	2,400

TABLE 1 (Continued)

COMMUNITIES WITH JEWISH POPULATIONS OF 100 OR MORE (ESTIMATED)

State and City	Jewish Population ^a	State and City	Jewish Population ^a	State and City	Jewish Population ^a
PENNSYLVANIA (Cont'd)					
McKees Rocks.....	160	TENNESSEE		Norfolk.....	7,500
Monessen.....	250	Chattanooga.....	2,200	Petersburg.....	500
Mt. Carmel.....	272	Jackson.....	155	Portsmouth.....	1,600
New Castle.....	800	Knoxville.....	800	Richmond.....	7,750
New Kensington.....	640	Memphis.....	8,000	Roanoke.....	650
Norristown.....	800	Nashville.....	2,700	Suffolk.....	180
Oil City.....	360	TEXAS		Winchester.....	131
Oxford.....	132	Amarillo.....	270	WASHINGTON	
Philadelphia.....	245,000	Austin.....	875	Bellingham.....	140
Philipsburg.....	136 ¹	Beaumont.....	625	Bremerton.....	182
Phoenixville.....	268	Corpus Christi.....	1,100	Everett.....	125 ¹⁰
Pittsburgh.....	54,000 ²	Corsicana.....	188 ¹	Seattle.....	9,500
Pottstown.....	680	Dallas.....	14,000	Spokane.....	591
Pottsville.....	870	El Paso.....	2,300	Tacoma.....	650
Reading.....	3,000	Ft. Worth.....	2,500	WEST VIRGINIA	
Sayre.....	132	Galveston.....	1,200	Beckley.....	228
Scranton.....	5,526	Houston.....	16,500	Bluefield.....	300
Sharon-Greenville.....	1,000	Kilgore.....	108	Charleston.....	2,200
Shamokin.....	250	Laredo.....	184	Clarksburg.....	225
Sbenandoah.....	445	Longview.....	125	Fairmont.....	200
Stroudsburg.....	222	Lubbock.....	240	Huntington.....	700
Sunbury.....	160	Odessa.....	106	Morgantown.....	211
Tarentum.....	160	Port Arthur.....	300	Parkersburg.....	100
Titusville.....	120	Rio Grande Valley.....	300	Weirton.....	300
Uniontown.....	900	Rosenberg.....	100	Welch.....	144
Warren.....	120	San Angelo.....	100	Wheeling.....	800
Washington.....	500	San Antonio.....	7,500	Williamson.....	180
West Chester.....	360	Texarkana.....	130	WISCONSIN	
Wilkes-Barre.....	5,062	Tyler.....	480	Appleton.....	575
Williamsport.....	850	Waco.....	1,200	Beloit.....	150
York.....	1,050	Wharton.....	215	Eau Claire.....	158
Vandergrift- Leachburg.....	130	Wichita Falls.....	300	Fond du Lac.....	160
RHODE ISLAND					
Newport.....	1,000	UTAH		Green Bay.....	500
Pawtucket.....	1,300	Salt Lake City....	1,440	Kenosha.....	600
Providence.....	20,000	VERMONT		La Crosse.....	150
Westerly.....	140	Burlington.....	1,000	Madison.....	1,950
Woonsocket.....	780	Rutland.....	280	Manitowoc.....	184
SOUTH CAROLINA					
Beaufort.....	116	VIRGINIA		Marinette.....	120
Charleston.....	2,192	Alexandria.....	650 ¹	Milwaukee.....	30,000
Columbia.....	500	Arlington.....	900 ⁹	Oshkosh.....	130
Georgetown.....	111	Charlottesville.....	120 ¹	Racine.....	1,000
Greenville.....	306	Danville.....	200	Rice Lake.....	100
Spartanburg.....	164	Fredericksville.....	120	Sheboygan.....	600
Sumter.....	250	Hampton.....	250	Stevens Point.....	105
SOUTH DAKOTA					
Aberdeen.....	123	Hampton Roads... Harrisonburg.....	165 ⁶ 112	Superior.....	500
Sioux Falls.....	350	Lynchburg.....	315	Waukesha.....	114
		Martinsville.....	120	Wausau.....	250
		Newport News....	1,600	WYOMING	
				Cheyenne.....	500